

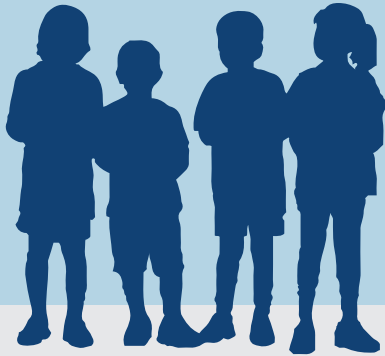
# COLORADO'S CANNABIS REGULATIONS

Colorado's regulatory framework is considered the strongest in the country and continues to be held up as a model for other states.



## YOUTH PREVENTION

### PACKAGING & LABELING



The **ONLY** Colorado industry required to have child resistant packaging.



**Total ban** on gummy bears and other edible marijuana products shaped like animals, people and fruit that might appeal to kids packaged in a sealed, non-transparent container at the point of sale.

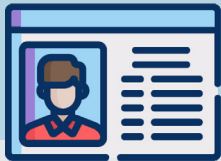


**"! THC"** label in clear view. All fonts on the labeling must be no smaller than 1/16th of an inch. Words like "candy" or "candies" are not allowed.



### ACCESS

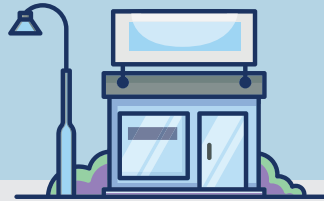
**TWO ID check points.** One to enter the facility and another to verify age upon purchase.



### ADVERTISING



**Building signage** cannot be attractive to minors (no cartoon characters or public figures).



**NO** cannabis advertisements specifically directed at individuals **18 to 20** years old



**No** advertising in any outlet/publication focused on people under the age of 21.

## ENVIRONMENTAL WASTE



Secure waste receptacle in possession and control of the dispensary and sealed and designed to require specialized tools in order to open and access the contents of the receptacle.



Plants and products must be rendered "unusable and unrecognizable" through grinding or compacting the regulated marijuana waste and incorporating it with other materials — as long as the marijuana-to-waste ratio is 50/50.



Must physically segregate all fibrous waste from other waste and regulated marijuana and use the inventory tracking system to ensure its identified, weighed and tracked until transferred.



All receptacles used for cannabis waste must be video recorded.



# PUBLIC HEALTH & SAFETY

## LABELING



Serving size and total active THC information, list of non-organic pesticides, fungicides and herbicides and lab testing information. Must include the product date and expiration date, harvest number and batch number, and date of sale.

## TESTING



Mandatory testing for molds, pesticides, heavy metals, microbials and potency for medical and recreational marijuana.

## TRACKING



Marijuana is accounted for through “seed-to-sale” software known as METRC to track cannabis production from the moment a seed is planted to when it’s harvested, turned into a product and sold to a recreational or medical consumer.

## SECURITY



All stores must have a security camera pointed at the cash register so that it can record customers and employees’ facial features with sufficient clarity to determine identity and must have cameras recording the entrances and exits. The recording must be kept for 40 days.

Mandatory security alarm system and locks on all entry points and windows.

Delivery cars/trucks must be equipped with video surveillance equipment that digitally records during all deliveries.

## SALE OF MARIJUANA CONCENTRATES



Sales limited to 8 grams per patient 21+ and 2 grams for 18-to 20-year-olds, with some exceptions. Dispensaries required to use real-time state database to make sure people don’t go to another dispensary and purchase more than the daily concentrate limit.

Must provide 8 x 11 paper pamphlet to customers at the point of sale displaying the state’s recommended serving size for concentrates and including advice on safe consumption and warnings of negative conditions resulting from concentrates.

## RECALLS



Regulations were created to mirror FDA best practices.

## RECORDS



Dispensaries submit daily inventory reconciliation reports to METRC that account for any products sold, destroyed or in-transit and all taxes collected.

All facilities must have Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) in writing.

All visitor activity must be logged and those logs available for inspection.

Records and books must be kept on site for six months after recording. Then they can be moved but kept for three calendar years after recording.

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